

# High Frequency Programmable PECL Clock Generator

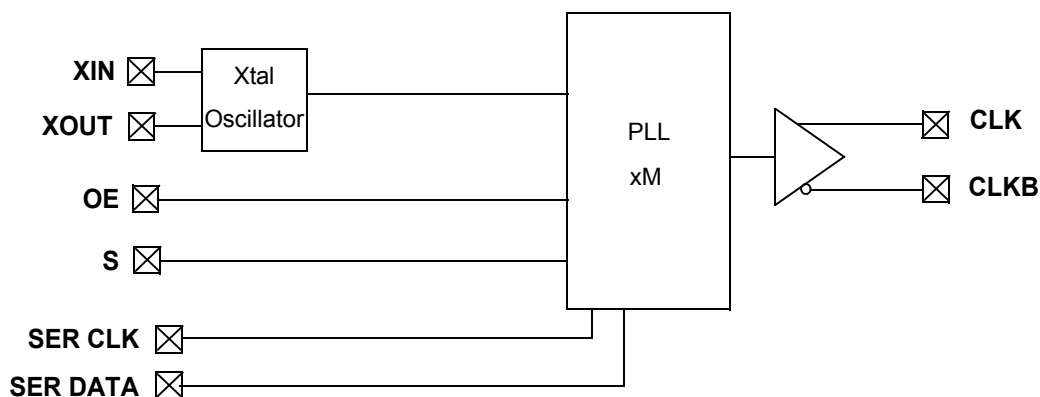
## Features

- Jitter peak-peak (Typical) = 35 ps
- LVPECL output
- Default Select option
- Serially configurable multiply ratios
- Output edge rate control
- 16-pin TSSOP
- High frequency
- 3.3 V operation

## Benefits

- High accuracy clock generation
- One pair of differential output drivers
- Phase-locked loop (PLL) multiplier select
- 8-bit feedback counter and 6-bit reference counter for high accuracy
- Minimize electromagnetic interference (EMI)
- Industry standard, low cost package saves on board space

## Logic Block Diagram



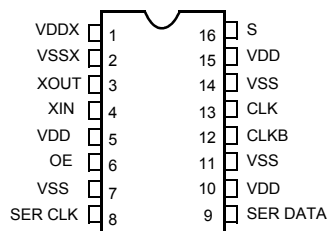
## Contents

|                                               |          |                                                      |           |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>Pinouts</b> .....                          | <b>3</b> | <b>Functional Specifications</b> .....               | <b>8</b>  |
| <b>Pin Definitions</b> .....                  | <b>3</b> | Crystal Input .....                                  | 8         |
| <b>Frequency Table</b> .....                  | <b>3</b> | Select Input .....                                   | 8         |
| <b>CY2213 Two-Wire Serial Interface</b> ..... | <b>4</b> | PECL Clock Output Driver .....                       | 8         |
| Introduction .....                            | 4        | Signal Waveforms .....                               | 9         |
| Serial Interface Specifications .....         | 4        | Jitter .....                                         | 10        |
| Serial Interface Format .....                 | 4        | <b>Ordering Information</b> .....                    | <b>12</b> |
| Serial Interface Transfer Format .....        | 4        | Ordering Code Definitions .....                      | 12        |
| <b>Absolute Maximum Conditions</b> .....      | <b>6</b> | <b>Package Diagrams</b> .....                        | <b>13</b> |
| <b>Crystal Requirements</b> .....             | <b>6</b> | <b>Acronyms</b> .....                                | <b>14</b> |
| <b>Electrical Characteristics</b> .....       | <b>6</b> | <b>Document Conventions</b> .....                    | <b>14</b> |
| DC Electrical Specifications .....            | 6        | Units of Measure .....                               | 14        |
| 3.3 V DC Device Characteristics .....         | 6        | <b>Document History Page</b> .....                   | <b>15</b> |
| AC Electrical Specifications .....            | 7        | <b>Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information</b> ..... | <b>16</b> |
| AC Device Characteristics .....               | 7        | Worldwide Sales and Design Support .....             | 16        |
| State Transition Characteristics .....        | 8        | Products .....                                       | 16        |
|                                               |          | PSoC Solutions .....                                 | 16        |

## Pinouts

**Figure 1. 16-pin TSSOP pinout**

**CY2213**



## Pin Definitions

| Pin Name | Pin Number | Pin Description                                                            |
|----------|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VDDX     | 1          | 3.3 V Power Supply for Crystal Driver                                      |
| VSSX     | 2          | Ground for Crystal Driver                                                  |
| XOUT     | 3          | Reference Crystal Feedback                                                 |
| XIN      | 4          | Reference Crystal Input                                                    |
| VDD      | 5          | 3.3 V Power Supply (all $V_{DD}$ pins must be tied directly on board)      |
| OE       | 6          | Output Enable, 0 = output disable, 1 = output enable (no internal pull up) |
| VSS      | 7          | Ground                                                                     |
| SER CLK  | 8          | Serial Interface Clock                                                     |
| SER DATA | 9          | Serial Interface Data                                                      |
| VDD      | 10         | 3.3 V Power Supply (all $V_{DD}$ pins must be tied directly on board)      |
| VSS      | 11         | Ground                                                                     |
| CLKB     | 12         | LVPECL Output Clock (complement)                                           |
| CLK      | 13         | LVPECL Output Clock                                                        |
| VSS      | 14         | Ground                                                                     |
| VDD      | 15         | 3.3 V Power Supply (all $V_{DD}$ pins must be tied directly on board)      |
| S        | 16         | PLL Multiplier Select Input, Pull up Resistor Internal                     |

## Frequency Table

| S | M (PLL Multiplier) | Example Input Crystal Frequency | CLK, CLKB |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|
| 0 | × 16               | 25 MHz                          | 400 MHz   |
| 1 | × 8                | 15.625 MHz                      | 125 MHz   |

## CY2213 Two-Wire Serial Interface

### Introduction

The CY2213 has a two-wire serial interface designed for data transfer operations, and is used for programming the P and Q values for frequency generation.  $S_{clk}$  is the serial clock line controlled by the master device.  $S_{data}$  is a serial bidirectional data line. The CY2213 is a slave device and can either read or write information on the dataline upon request from the master device.

Figure 2 shows the basic bus connections between master and slave device. The buses are shared by a number of devices and are pulled high by a pull up resistor.

### Serial Interface Specifications

Figure 3 shows the Basic Transmission Specification. To begin and end a transmission, the master device generates a start signal (S) and a stop signal (P). Start (S) is defined as switching the  $S_{data}$  from HIGH to LOW while the  $S_{clk}$  is at HIGH. Similarly, stop (P) is defined as switching the  $S_{data}$  from LOW to HIGH while holding the  $S_{clk}$  HIGH. Between these two signals, data on  $S_{data}$  is synchronous with the clock on the  $S_{clk}$ . Data is allowed to change only at LOW period of clock, and must be stable at the

HIGH period of clock. To acknowledge, drive the  $S_{data}$  LOW before the  $S_{clk}$  rising edge and hold it LOW until the  $S_{clk}$  falling edge.

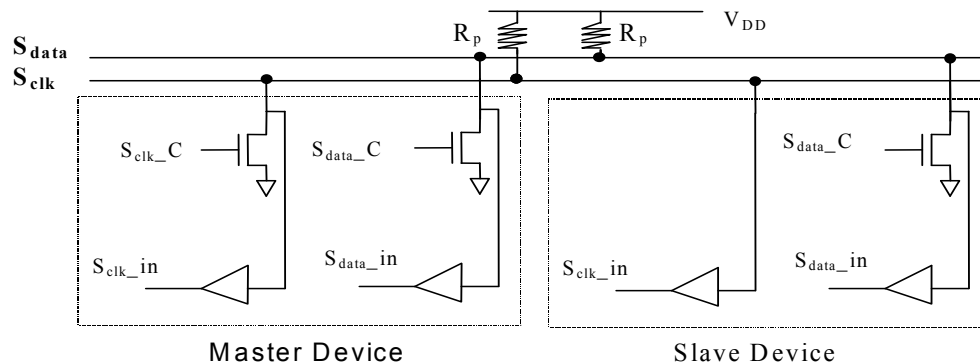
### Serial Interface Format

Each slave carries an address. The data transfer is initiated by a start signal (S). Each transfer segment is 1 byte in length. The slave address and the read/write bit are first sent from the master device after the start signal. The addressed slave device must acknowledge (Ack) the master device. Depending on the Read/Write bit, the master device either writes data into (logic 0) or reads data (logic 1) from the slave device. Each time a byte of data is successfully transferred, the receiving device must acknowledge. At the end of the transfer, the master device generates a stop signal (P).

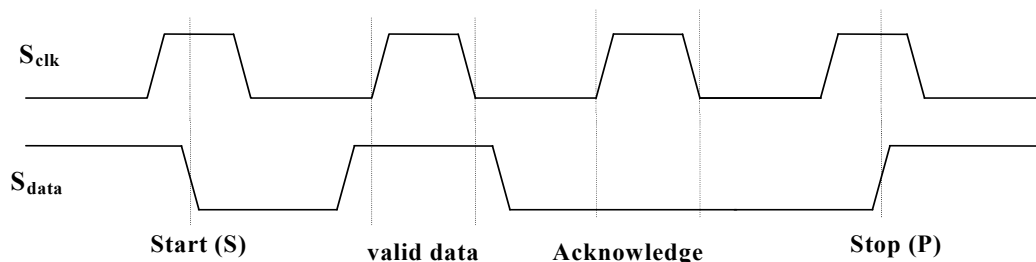
### Serial Interface Transfer Format

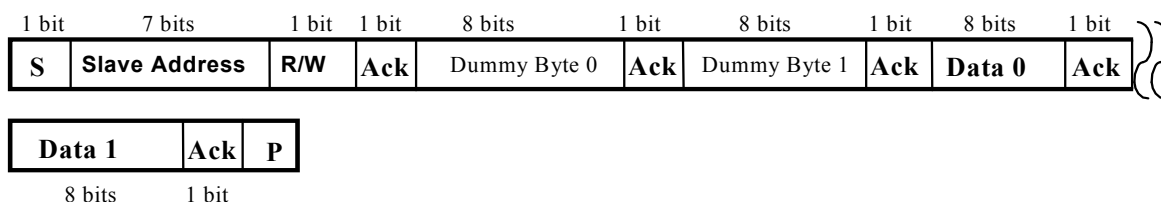
Figure 3 shows the serial interface transfer format used with the CY2213. Two dummy bytes must be transferred before the first data byte. The CY2213 has only three bytes of latches to store information, and the third byte of data is reserved. Extra data is ignored.

**Figure 2. Device Connections**



**Figure 3. Serial Interface Specifications**



**Figure 4. CY2213 Transfer Format**

**Table 1. Serial Interface Address for the CY2213**

| A6 | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | R/W |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 1  | 0   |

**Table 2. Serial Interface Programming for the CY2213**

|       | b7       | b6       | b5       | b4       | b3       | b2       | b1       | b0       |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Data0 | QCNTBYP  | SELPQ    | Q<5>     | Q<4>     | Q<3>     | Q<2>     | Q<1>     | Q<0>     |
| Data1 | P<7>     | P<6>     | P<5>     | P<4>     | P<3>     | P<2>     | P<1>     | P<0>     |
| Data2 | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |

To program the CY2213 using the two-wire serial interface, set the SELPQ bit HIGH. The default setting of this bit is LOW. The P and Q values are determined by the following formulas:

$$P_{\text{final}} = (P_{7..0} + 3) \times 2$$

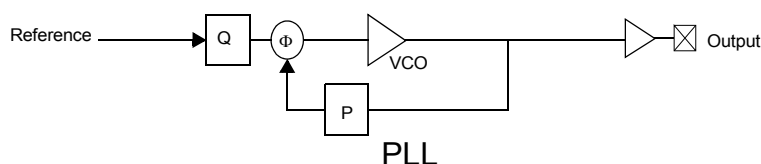
$$Q_{\text{final}} = Q_{5..0} + 2.$$

If the QCNTBYP bit is set HIGH, then  $Q_{\text{final}}$  defaults to a value of 1. The default setting of this bit is LOW.

If the SELPQ bit is set LOW, the PLL multipliers are set using the values in the Select Function Table.

CyberClocks™ has been developed to generate P and Q values for stable PLL operation. This software is downloadable from [www.cypress.com](http://www.cypress.com)

$$\text{PLL Frequency} = \text{Reference} \times P/Q = \text{Output}$$

**Figure 5. PLL Block Diagram**


## Absolute Maximum Conditions

The following table reflects stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximums are not guaranteed.

| Parameter     | Description                                                       | Min  | Max            | Unit |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|------|
| $V_{DD, ABS}$ | Maximum voltage on $V_{DD}$ , or $V_{DDX}$ with respect to ground | -0.5 | 4.0            | V    |
| $V_{I, ABS}$  | Maximum voltage on any pin with respect to ground                 | -0.5 | $V_{DD} + 0.5$ | V    |

## Crystal Requirements

Requirements to use parallel mode fundamental xtal. External capacitors are required in the crystal oscillator circuit. Please refer to the application note entitled **Crystal Oscillator Topics** for details.

| Parameter | Description                   | Min | Max   | Unit |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| $X_F$     | Crystal fundamental frequency | 10  | 31.25 | MHz  |

## Electrical Characteristics

### DC Electrical Specifications

| Parameter | Description                                                                                        | Min  | Max  | Unit       |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------------|
| $V_{DD}$  | Supply voltage                                                                                     | 3.00 | 3.60 | V          |
| $T_A$     | Ambient operating temperature                                                                      | 0    | 70   | °C         |
| $V_{IL}$  | Input signal low voltage at pin S                                                                  | –    | 0.35 | $V_{DD}$   |
| $V_{IH}$  | Input signal high voltage at pin S                                                                 | 0.65 | –    | $V_{DD}$   |
| $R_{PUP}$ | Internal pull up resistance                                                                        | 10   | 100  | k $\Omega$ |
| $t_{PU}$  | Power up time for all $V_{DDs}$ to reach minimum specified voltage (power ramps must be monotonic) | 0.05 | 500  | ms         |

### 3.3 V DC Device Characteristics

(Driving load, [Figure 6](#))

| Parameter | Description                                 | Min   | Typ   | Max   | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| $V_{OH}$  | Output high voltage, referenced to $V_{DD}$ | -1.02 | -0.95 | -0.88 | V    |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output low voltage, referenced to $V_{DD}$  | -1.81 | -1.70 | -1.62 | V    |

(Driving load, [Figure 7](#))

| Parameter | Description         | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $V_{OH}$  | Output high voltage | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | V    |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output low voltage  | 0   | 0   | 0   | V    |

**AC Electrical Specifications**

| Parameter     | Description                               | Min | Max   | Unit |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| $f_{IN}$      | Input frequency with driven reference     | 1   | 133   | MHz  |
| $f_{XTAL,IN}$ | Input frequency with crystal input        | 10  | 31.25 | MHz  |
| $C_{IN,CMOS}$ | Input capacitance at S pin <sup>[1]</sup> | —   | 10    | pF   |

**AC Device Characteristics**

| Parameter        | Description                                                                        | Min            | Max            | Unit          |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| $t_{CYCLE}$      | Clock cycle time                                                                   | 2.50 (400 MHz) | 8.00 (125 MHz) | ns            |
| $t_{JCRMS}$      | Cycle-to-cycle RMS jitter                                                          | —              | 0.25%          | % $t_{CYCLE}$ |
|                  | At 125 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 20             | ps            |
|                  | At 400 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 6.25           | ps            |
| $t_{JCPK}$       | Cycle-to-cycle jitter (pk-pk)                                                      | —              | 1.75%          | % $t_{CYCLE}$ |
|                  | At 125 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 140            | ps            |
|                  | At 200 MHz frequency, XF = 25 MHz                                                  | —              | 55             | ps            |
|                  | At 400 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 43.75          | ps            |
| $t_{JPRMS}$      | Period jitter RMS                                                                  | —              | 0.25%          | % $t_{CYCLE}$ |
|                  | At 125 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 20             | ps            |
|                  | At 400 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 6.25           | ps            |
| $t_{JPPK}$       | Period jitter (pk-pk)                                                              | —              | 2.0%           | % $t_{CYCLE}$ |
|                  | At 125 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 160            | ps            |
|                  | At 200 MHz frequency, XF = 25 MHz                                                  | —              | 65             | ps            |
|                  | At 400 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 50             | ps            |
| $t_{JLT}$        | Long term RMS Jitter (P < 20)                                                      | —              | 1.75%          | % $t_{CYCLE}$ |
|                  | At 125 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 140            | ps            |
|                  | At 400 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 43.75          | ps            |
| $t_{JLT}$        | Long term RMS Jitter (20 ≤ P < 40)                                                 | —              | 2.5%           | % $t_{CYCLE}$ |
|                  | At 125 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 200            | ps            |
|                  | At 400 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 62.5           | ps            |
| $t_{JLT}$        | Long term RMS Jitter (40 ≤ P < 60)                                                 | —              | 3.5%           | % $t_{CYCLE}$ |
|                  | At 125 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 280            | ps            |
|                  | At 400 MHz frequency                                                               | —              | 87.5           | ps            |
| Phase Noise      | Phase Noise at 10 kHz (x8 mode) at 125 MHz                                         | −107           | −92            | dBc           |
| DC               | Long term average output duty cycle                                                | 45             | 55             | %             |
| $t_{DC,ERR}$     | Cycle-cycle duty cycle error at x8 with 15.625 MHz input                           | —              | 70             | ps            |
| $t_{CR}, t_{CF}$ | Output rise and fall times (measured at 20% – 80% of $V_{OHmin}$ and $V_{OLmax}$ ) | 100            | 400            | ps            |
| $BW_{LOOP}$      | PLL Loop Bandwidth                                                                 | 50 kHz (−3 dB) | 8 MHz (−20 dB) |               |

**Note**

1. Capacitance measured at frequency = 1 MHz, DC Bias = 0.9V, and VAC < 100 mV

## State Transition Characteristics

Specifies the maximum settling time of the CLK and CLKB outputs from device power up. For  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDX}$  any sequences are allowed to power up and power down the CY2213.

| From                | To              | Transition Latency | Description                                                                    |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $V_{DD}/V_{DDX}$ On | CLK/CLKB Normal | 3 ms               | Time from $V_{DD}/V_{DDX}$ is applied and settled to CLK/CLKB outputs settled. |

## Functional Specifications

### Crystal Input

The CY2213 receives its reference from an external crystal. Pin XIN is the reference crystal input, and pin XOUT is the reference crystal feedback. The parameters for the crystal are illustrated in [AC Device Characteristics on page 7](#). The oscillator circuit requires external capacitors. Please refer to the application note entitled **Crystal Oscillator Topics** for details.

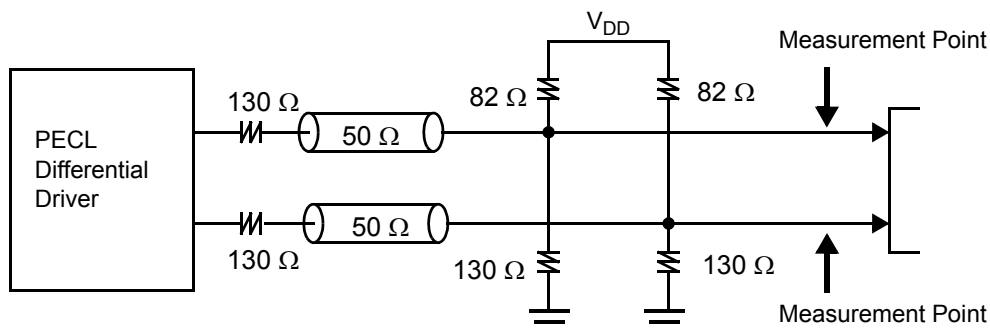
### Select Input

There is only one select input, pin S. This pin selects the frequency multiplier in the PLL, and is a standard LVCMOS input. The S pin has an internal pull up resistor. The multiplier selection is illustrated in [Frequency Table on page 3](#).

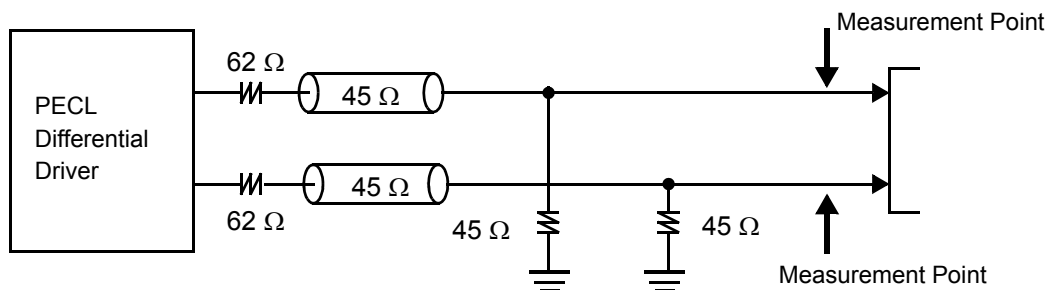
### PECL Clock Output Driver

[Figure 6](#) and [Figure 7](#) show the Clock Output Driver.

**Figure 6. Output Driving Load (-1)**

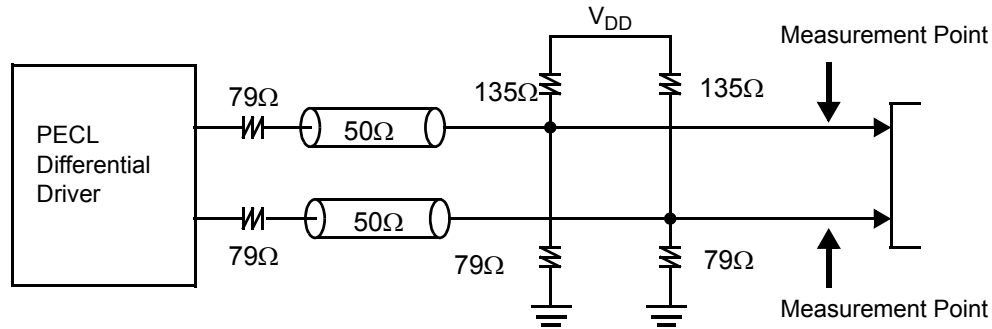


**Figure 7. Output Driving Load (-2)**



An alternative termination scheme can be used to drive a standard PECL fanout buffer.

**Figure 8. Output Driving Load (-3)**



The PECL differential driver is designed for low voltage, high frequency operation. It significantly reduces the transient switching noise and power dissipation when compared to conventional CMOS drivers. The nominal value of the channel impedance is 50Ω. The pull up and pull down resistors provide matching channel termination. The combination of the differential driver and the output network determines the voltage swing on the channel. The output clock is specified at the measurement point indicated in [Figure 6 on page 8](#) and [Figure 7 on page 8](#).

### Signal Waveforms

A physical signal that appears at the pins of the device is deemed valid or invalid depending on its voltage and timing relations with other signals. This section defines the voltage and timing waveforms for the input and output pins of the CY2213. The Device Characteristics tables list the specifications for the device parameters that are defined here.

Input and Output voltage waveforms are defined as shown in [Figure 9](#). Rise and fall times are defined as the 20% and 80% measurement points of  $V_{OHmin} - V_{OLmax}$ .

The device parameters are defined in [Table 3](#). [Figure 10 on page 10](#) shows the definition of long term duty cycle, which is simply the CLK waveform high time divided by the cycle time (defined at the crossing point). Long term duty cycle is the average over many (>10,000) cycles. DC is defined as the Output Clock Long Term Duty Cycle.

**Table 3. Definition of Device Parameters**

| Parameter        | Definition                                  |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| $V_{OH}, V_{OL}$ | Clock output high and low voltages          |
| $V_{IH}, V_{IL}$ | $V_{DD}$ LVCMOS input high and low voltages |
| $t_{CR}, t_{CF}$ | Clock output rise and fall times            |

**Figure 9. Voltage Waveforms**

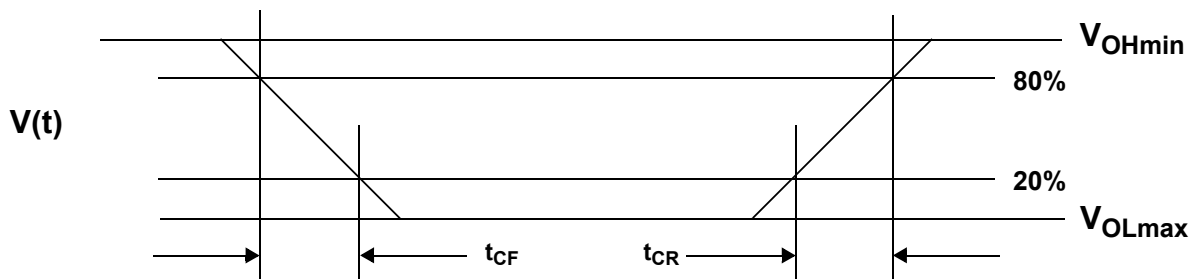
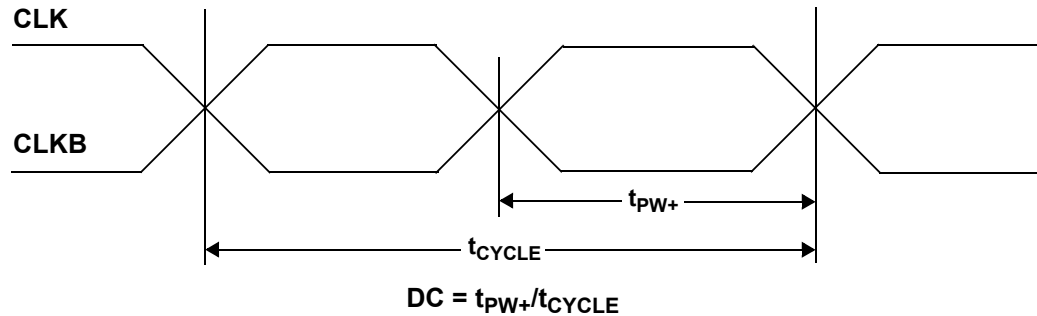


Figure 10. Duty Cycle Jitter



## Jitter

This section defines the specifications that relate to timing uncertainty (or jitter) of the input and output waveforms. Figure 11 shows the definition of period jitter with respect to the falling edge of the CLK signal. Period jitter is the difference between the minimum and maximum cycle times over many cycles (typically 12,800 cycles at 400 MHz). Equal requirements apply for rising edges of the CLK signal.  $t_{JP}$  is defined as the output period jitter.

Figure 12 shows the definition of cycle-to-cycle jitter with respect to the falling edge of the CLK signal. Cycle-to-cycle jitter is the difference between cycle times of adjacent cycles over many cycles (typically 12,800 cycles at 400 MHz). Equal requirements

apply for rising edges of the CLK signal.  $t_{JC}$  is defined as the Clock Output Cycle-to-cycle Jitter.

Figure 13 on page 11 shows the definition of cycle-to-cycle duty cycle error. Cycle-to-cycle duty cycle error is defined as the difference between high-times of adjacent cycles over many cycles (typically 12,800 cycles at 400 MHz). Equal requirements apply to the low-times.  $t_{DC,ERR}$  is defined as the Clock Output Cycle-to-cycle Duty Cycle Error.

Figure 14 on page 11 shows the definition of long-term jitter error. Long term jitter is defined as the accumulated timing error over many cycles (typically 12,800 cycles at 400 MHz). It applies to both rising and falling edges.  $t_{JLT}$  is defined as the long term jitter.

Figure 11. Period Jitter

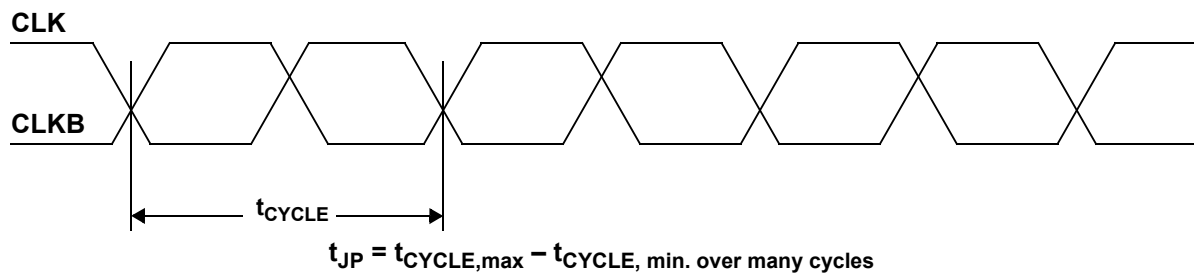


Figure 12. Cycle-to-cycle Jitter

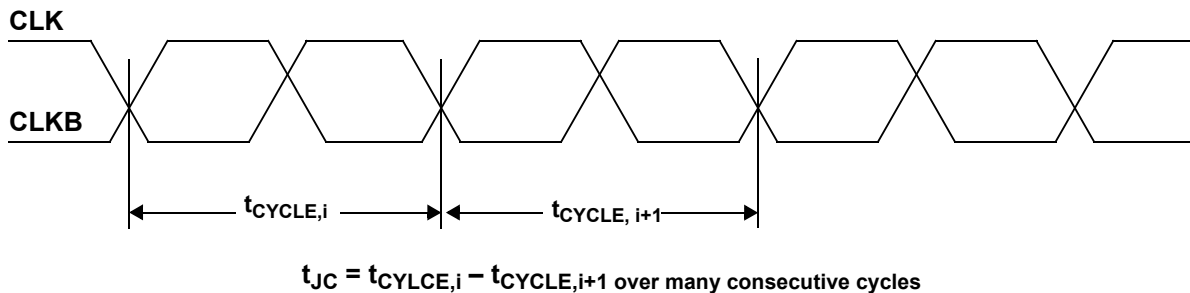


Figure 13. Cycle-to-cycle Duty Cycle Error

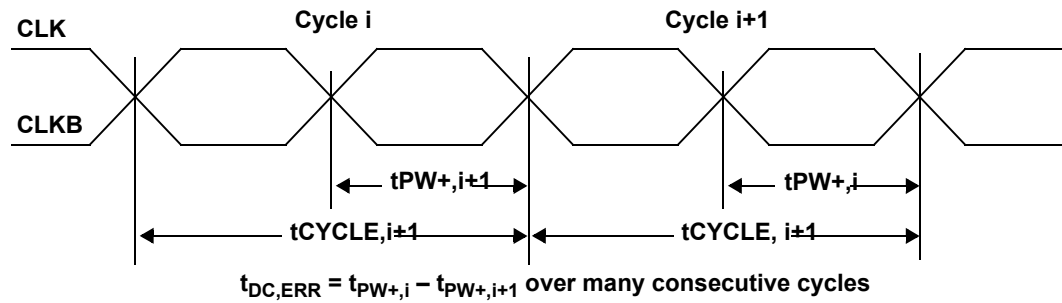
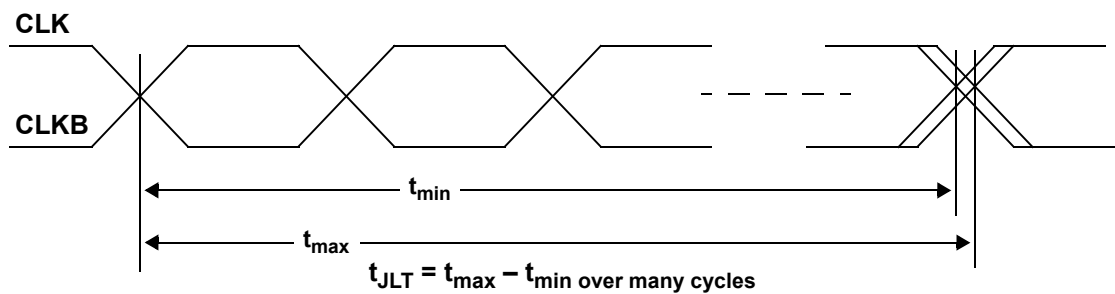


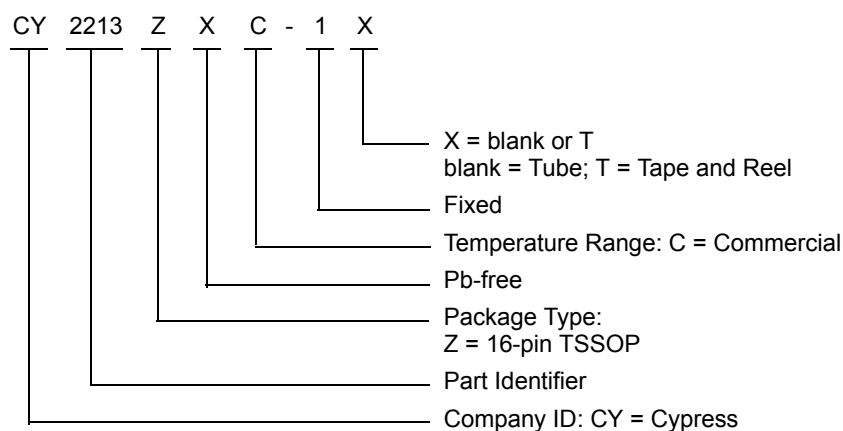
Figure 14. Long-term Jitter



## Ordering Information

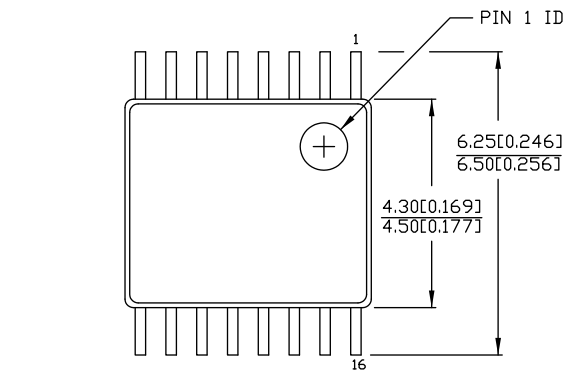
| Ordering Code | Package Type                 | Operating Range        | Operating Voltage |
|---------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| CY2213ZXC-1   | 16-pin TSSOP                 | Commercial, to 400 MHz | 3.3 V             |
| CY2213ZXC-1T  | 16-pin TSSOP – Tape and Reel | Commercial, to 400 MHz | 3.3 V             |

## Ordering Code Definitions



## Package Diagrams

**Figure 15. 16-pin TSSOP (4.40 mm Body) Z16.173/ZZ16.173 Package Outline, 51-85091**

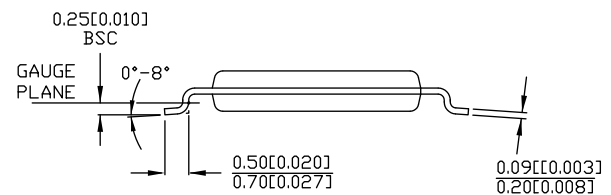
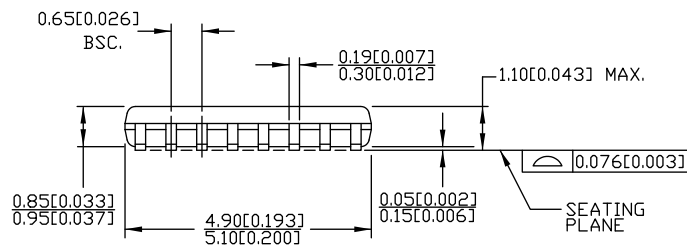


DIMENSIONS IN MM[INCHES] MIN.  
MAX.

REFERENCE JEDEC MO-153

PACKAGE WEIGHT 0.05gms

| PART #   |                |
|----------|----------------|
| Z16.173  | STANDARD PKG.  |
| ZZ16.173 | LEAD FREE PKG. |



51-85091 \*D

## Acronyms

| Acronym | Description                                         |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| CMOS    | complementary metal-oxide semiconductor             |
| DC      | duty cycle                                          |
| EMI     | electromagnetic interference                        |
| LVC MOS | low voltage complementary metal-oxide semiconductor |
| LVPECL  | low voltage pseudo (positive) emitter coupled logic |
| OE      | output enable                                       |
| PECL    | pseudo (positive) emitter coupled logic             |
| PLL     | phase locked loop                                   |
| TSSOP   | thin-shrink small outline package                   |

## Document Conventions

### Units of Measure

| Symbol | Unit of Measure |
|--------|-----------------|
| °C     | degree Celsius  |
| kΩ     | kilohm          |
| MHz    | megahertz       |
| ms     | millisecond     |
| ns     | nanosecond      |
| Ω      | ohm             |
| %      | percent         |
| pF     | picofarad       |
| ps     | picosecond      |
| V      | volt            |

## Document History Page

| Document Title: CY2213, High Frequency Programmable PECL Clock Generator<br>Document Number: 38-07263 |         |                 |                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rev.                                                                                                  | ECN     | Submission Date | Orig. of Change | Description of Change                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| **                                                                                                    | 113090  | 02/06/02        | DSG             | Change from Spec number: 38-01100 to 38-07263                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| *A                                                                                                    | 113512  | 05/24/02        | CKN             | Added PLL Block Diagram ( <a href="#">Figure 5</a> ) and PLL frequency equation                                                                                                                                                                      |
| *B                                                                                                    | 121882  | 12/14/02        | RBI             | Power up requirements added to Operating Conditions                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| *C                                                                                                    | 123215  | 12/19/02        | LJN             | Previous revision was released with incorrect *A numbering in footer; *A should have been *B (and was changed accordingly)                                                                                                                           |
| *D                                                                                                    | 124012  | 03/05/03        | CKN             | Added -2 to data sheet; edited line 3 of Benefits                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| *E                                                                                                    | 126557  | 05/27/03        | RGL             | Added 200 MHz Jitter Spec.<br>Added optional output termination                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| *F                                                                                                    | 2738056 | 07/14/09        | CXQ             | Obsolete document.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| *G                                                                                                    | 2742301 | 07/22/09        | CXQ             | Undo obsolete document.<br>Removed all references to obsolete -2 option.<br>Changed Ordering Information entry to Pb-free CY2213ZXC-1 and -1T.<br>Revised the version of Package Drawing from 51-85091 ** to 51-85091 *A.                            |
| *H                                                                                                    | 3709157 | 08/10/2012      | PURU            | Added <a href="#">Ordering Code Definitions</a> .<br>Updated <a href="#">Package Diagrams</a> (spec 51-85091 (Changed revision from *A to *D)).<br>Added <a href="#">Acronyms</a> and <a href="#">Units of Measure</a> .<br>Updated in new template. |

## Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

### Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at [Cypress Locations](#).

### Products

|                                              |                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <a href="#">Automotive</a>                   | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/automotive</a>                                      |
| <a href="#">Clocks &amp; Buffers</a>         | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/clocks</a>                                          |
| <a href="#">Interface</a>                    | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/interface</a>                                       |
| <a href="#">Lighting &amp; Power Control</a> | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/powerpsoc</a><br><a href="#">cypress.com/go/plc</a> |
| <a href="#">Memory</a>                       | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/memory</a>                                          |
| <a href="#">PSoC</a>                         | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/psoc</a>                                            |
| <a href="#">Touch Sensing</a>                | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/touch</a>                                           |
| <a href="#">USB Controllers</a>              | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/USB</a>                                             |
| <a href="#">Wireless/RF</a>                  | <a href="#">cypress.com/go/wireless</a>                                        |

### PSoC Solutions

[psoc.cypress.com/solutions](#)

[PSoC 1](#) | [PSoC 3](#) | [PSoC 5](#)

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2002-2012. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Cypress Semiconductor Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuitry other than circuitry embodied in a Cypress product. Nor does it convey or imply any license under patent or other rights. Cypress products are not warranted nor intended to be used for medical, life support, life saving, critical control or safety applications, unless pursuant to an express written agreement with Cypress. Furthermore, Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress products in life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Any Source Code (software and/or firmware) is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress) and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection (United States and foreign), United States copyright laws and international treaty provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of, and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works for the sole purpose of creating custom software and or firmware in support of licensee product to be used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification, translation, compilation, or representation of this Source Code except as specified above is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.

Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Use may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress software license agreement.



## О компании

ООО "ТрейдЭлектроникс" - это оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов. Реализуемая нашей компанией продукция насчитывает более полумиллиона наименований.

Благодаря этому наша компания предлагает к поставке практически не ограниченный ассортимент компонентов как оптовыми, мелкооптовыми партиями, так и в розницу.

Наличие собственной эффективной системы логистики обеспечивает надежную поставку продукции по конкурентным ценам в точно указанные сроки.

Срок поставки со стоков в **Европе и Америке – от 3 до 14 дней.**

Срок поставки из **Азии – от 10 дней.**

Благодаря развитой сети поставщиков, помогаем в поиске и приобретении экзотичных или снятых с производства компонентов.

Предоставляем спец цены на элементы для создания инженерных сэмплов.

**Упорный труд, качественный результат дают нам право быть уверенными в себе и надежными для наших клиентов.**

### **Наша компания это:**

- Гарантия качества поставляемой продукции
- Широкий ассортимент
- Минимальные сроки поставок
- Техническая поддержка
- Подбор комплектации
- Индивидуальный подход
- Гибкое ценообразование

Наша организация особенно сильна в поставках модулей, микросхем, пассивных компонентов, ксайленсах (XC), EPF, EPM и силовой электроники.

Большой выбор предлагаемой продукции, различные виды оплаты и доставки, позволят Вам сэкономить время и получить максимум выгоды от сотрудничества с нами!

## Перечень производителей, продукцию которых мы поставляем на российский рынок





Trade Electronics.ru

гарантия бесперебойности производства и  
качества выпускаемой продукции

С удовольствием будем прорабатывать для Вас поставки всех необходимых компонентов по текущим запросам для скорейшего выявления групп элементов, по которым сотрудничество именно с нашей компанией будет для Вас максимально выгодным!

С уважением,

Менеджер отдела продаж ООО

«Трейд Электроникс»

Шишлаков Евгений

8 (495)668-30-28 доб 169

manager28@tradeelectronics.ru

<http://www.tradeelectronics.ru/>