



16-Bit, Ultra-Low Power, Voltage-Output Digital-to-Analog Converters

FEATURES

- 16-Bit Resolution
- 2.7 V to 5.5 V Single-Supply Operation
- Very Low Power: 15 µW for 3 V Power
- High Accuracy, INL: 1 LSB
- Low Noise: 10 nV/√Hz
- Fast Settling: 1.0 µS
- Fast SPI™ Interface, up to 50 MHz
- Reset to Zero-Code
- Schmitt-Trigger Inputs for Direct Optocoupler Interface
- Industry-Standard Pin Configuration

APPLICATIONS

- Portable Equipment
- Automatic Test Equipment
- Industrial Process Control
- Data Acquisition Systems
- Optical Networking

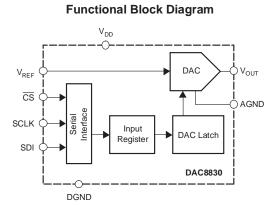
DESCRIPTION

The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are single, 16-bit, serial-input, voltage-output digital-to-analog converters (DACs) operating from a single 3 V to 5 V power supply. These converters provide excellent linearity (1 LSB INL), low glitch, low noise, and fast settling (1.0 μ S to 1/2 LSB of full-scale output) over the specified temperature range of -40°C to +85°C. The output is unbuffered, which reduces the power consumption and the error introduced by the buffer.

These parts feature a standard high-speed (clock up to 50 MHz), 3 V or 5 V SPI serial interface to communicate with a DSP or microprocessor.

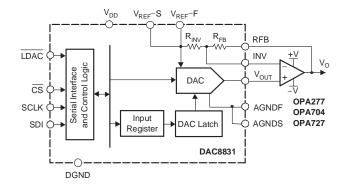
The DAC8830 output is 0 V to V_{REF} . However, the DAC8831 provides bipolar output (± V_{REF}) when working with an external buffer. The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are both reset to zero code after power up. For optimum performance, a set of Kelvin connections to external reference and analog ground input are provided on the DAC8831.

The DAC8830 is available in an SO-8 package, and the DAC8831 in an SO-14 package. Both have industry standard pinouts (see Table 3, the cross-reference table in the Application Information section for details). The DAC8831 is also available in a QFN-14 package.



DAC8830

DAC8831 Functional Block Diagram



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DAC8830 DAC8831



SLAS449D-FEBRUARY 2005-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2007



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PRODUCT	MINIMUM RELATIVE ACCURACY (LSB)	DIFFERENTIAL NONLINEARITY (LSB)	POWER- ON RESET VALUE	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKAGE- LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR	ORDERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT MEDIA, QUANTITY
DAC8830ID	±4	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	88301	SO-8	D	DAC8830ID	Tubes, 75
DACOUSUID	14	±1	Zelo Code	-40 C 10 +03 C	00301	30-0	D	DAC8830IDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
DAC8830IBD	±2	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	88301	SO-8	D	DAC8830IBD	Tubes, 75
DAC6630IBD	±2	±I	Zero Code	-40°C 10 +85°C	88301	50-8	D	DAC8830IBDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
DAC8830ICD	±1	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	88301	SO-8	D	DAC8830ICD	Tubes, 75
DAC6630ICD	±I	±I	Zero Code	-40°C 10 +85°C	88301	50-8	D	DAC8830ICDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
DACONSAID	±4	.4	Zara Cada	-40°C to +85°C	00241	SO-14	D	DAC8831ID	Tube, 50
DAC8831ID	±4	±1	Zero Code	-40°C 10 +85°C	88311	50-14	D	DAC8831IDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
DAC8831IBD	±2	.4	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	88311	SO-14	D	DAC8831IBD	Tube, 50
DAC663TIBD	±2	±1	Zero Code	-40°C 10 +85°C	00311	50-14	D	DAC8831IBDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
DAGGOGIALOD			Zene Oede	1000 10 00500	00041	SO-14	5	DAC8831ICD	Tube, 50
DAC8831ICD	±1	±1	Zero Code	–40°C to +85°C	88311	50-14	D	DAC8831ICDR	Tape and Reel, 2500
DAC8831IRGY	±4	.4	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	88311	QFN-14	RGY	DAC8831IRGYT	Tape and Reel, 250
DAC663 HRG F	±4	±1	Zero Code	-40°C 10 +85°C	00311	QFN-14	RGT	DAC8831IRGYR	Tape and Reel, 1000
DAGGGGGGGGG			Zene Oede	-40°C to +85°C	00041	QFN-14	DOV	DAC8831IBRGYT	Tape and Reel, 250
DAC8831IBRGY	±2	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	88311	QFN-14	RGY	DAC8831IBRGYR	Tape and Reel, 1000
DAGGOGIALODOV			Zene Oede	1000 10 00500	00041		DOV	DAC8831ICRGYT	Tape and Reel, 250
DAC8831ICRGY	±1	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	88311	QFN-14	RGY	DAC8831ICRGYR	Tape and Reel, 1000

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this data sheet, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		DAC8830, DAC8831	UNIT		
V _{DD} to AGND		-0.3 to +7	V		
Digital input voltage to DGND		-0.3 to +V _{DD} + 0.3	V		
V _{OUT} to AGND		-0.3 to +V _{DD} + 0.3	V		
GND, AGNDF, AGNDS to DGND -0.3 to +0.3					
Operating temperature range		-40 to +85 °			
Storage temperature range		-65 to +150	°C		
Junction temperature range (T	max)	+150	°C		
Power dissipation		(T _J max - T _A) / θ _{JA}	W		
	QFN-14	54.9	°C/W		
Thermal impedance, θ_{JA}	SO-8	136.9	°C/W		
	SO-14	66.6	°C/W		

(1) Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

All specifications at $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , $V_{DD} = +3$ V or $V_{DD} = +5$ V, $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER			DAG	C8830, DAC8	831		
		CONDITIONS	MIN	MIN TYP		UNIT	
TIC PERFORMANCE							
Resolution			16			bits	
	DAC8830ICD, DAC8831ICD, DAC8831ICRGY			±0.5	±1		
Linearity error	DAC8830IBD, DAC8831IBD, DAC8831IBRGY			±0.5	±2	LSB	
	DAC8830ID, DAC8831ID, DAC8831IRGY			±0.5	±4		
Differential linearity e	error	All grades		±0.5	±1	LSB	
Gain error		T _A = +25°C		±1	±5	5 1.00	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$			±7	LSB	
Gain drift				±0.1		ppm/°	
Zero code error		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		±0.25	±1	LSB	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$			±2		
Zero code drift				±0.05		ppm/°	
TPUT CHARACTERISTI	cs						
Voltage output ⁽¹⁾	All devices	Unipolar operation	0		$+V_{REF}$	V	
voltage output (*)	DAC8831 only	Bipolar operation	-V _{REF}		$+V_{REF}$	V	
Output impedance				6.25		kΩ	
Settling time		To 1/2 LSB of FS, $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$		1		μs	
Slew rate ⁽²⁾		C _L = 10 pF		25		V/µs	
Digital-to-analog glite	ch	1 LSB change around major carry		35		nV-s	
Digital feedthrough ⁽³)			0.2		nV-s	
Output noise	DAC8830	—— T _A = +25°C		10		nV/√F	
Oulput hoise	DAC8831	$T_{A} = +23$ C		18			
Power-supply rejection	on	V _{DD} varies ±10%				LSB	
Bipolar resistor	DAC8831 only	R _{FB} / R _{INV}		1		Ω/Ω	
matching	DAC6631 Offiy	Ratio error		±0.0015	±0.0076	%	
Pipelor zoro orrez	DAC9921 only	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		±0.25	±5		
Bipolar zero error	DAC8831 only	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$			±7	LSB	
Bipolar zero drift	DAC8831 only			±0.2		ppm/°	

The DAC8830 output is unipolar (0 V to $+V_{REF}$). The DAC8831 output is bipolar ($\pm V_{REF}$) when it connects to an external buffer (see the Bipolar Output Operation section for details). Slew rate is measured from 10% to 90% of transition when the output changes from 0 to full-scale. (1)

(2) (3)

Digital feedthrough is defined as the impulse injected into the analog output from the digital input. It is measured when the DAC output does not change; CS is held high, while SCLK and DIN signals are toggled.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

All specifications at $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , $V_{DD} = +3$ V or $V_{DD} = +5$ V, $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V unless otherwise noted.

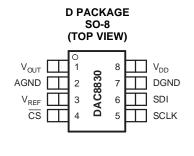
			DAC			
	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
REFE	ERENCE INPUT				L.	
	Reference input voltage range		1.25		V _{DD}	V
	Defense in time dance (4)	Unipolar mode	9			1.0
	Reference input impedance ⁽⁴⁾	Bipolar mode, DAC8831	7.5			kΩ
	Reference –3dB bandwidth, BW	Code = FFFFh		1.3		MHz
	Reference feedthrough	Code = 0000h, V _{REF} = 1 V _{PP} at 100 kHz		1		mV
	Signal-to-noise ratio, SNR			92		dB
		Code = 0000h		75		-
	Reference input capacitance	Code = FFFFh		120		pF
DIGIT	TAL INPUTS	I	4		¹	
		V _{DD} = 2.7 V			0.6	V
VIL	Input low voltage	V _{DD} = 5 V			0.8	V
		V _{DD} = 2.7 V	2.1			V
VIH	Input high voltage	V _{DD} = 5 V	2.4		V	
	Input current				±1	μA
	Input capacitance				10	pF
	Hysteresis voltage			0.4		V
POW	ER SUPPLY					
V _{DD}	Power-supply voltage		2.7		5.5	V
	Devuer events everent	V _{DD} = 3 V		5	20	
I _{DD}	Power-supply current	V _{DD} = 5 V		5 20		μA
	Davier	V _{DD} = 3 V		15	60	
	Power	V _{DD} = 5 V		25	100	μW
TEMF	PERATURE RANGE	· · · ·			1	
	Specified performance		-40		+85	°C

(4) Reference input resistance is code-dependent, minimum at 8555h.

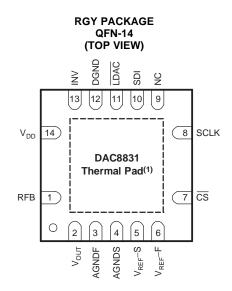
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PIN CONFIGURATIONS (NOT TO SCALE)



D PACKAGE SO-14 (TOP VIEW)												
RFB V _{OUT} AGNDF AGNDS V _{REF} -S V _{REF} -F CS	○ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	DAC8831	14 13 12 11 10 9 8	V _{DD} INV DGND LDAC SDI NC SCLK								

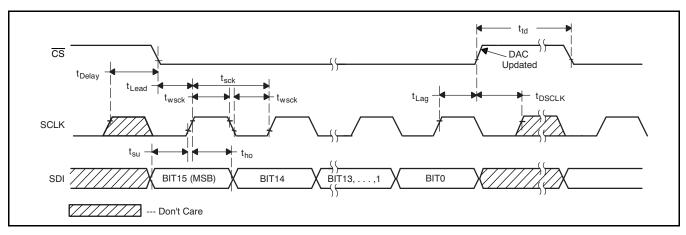


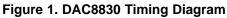
NOTE: (1) Exposed thermal pad in the QFN package must be connected to analog ground.

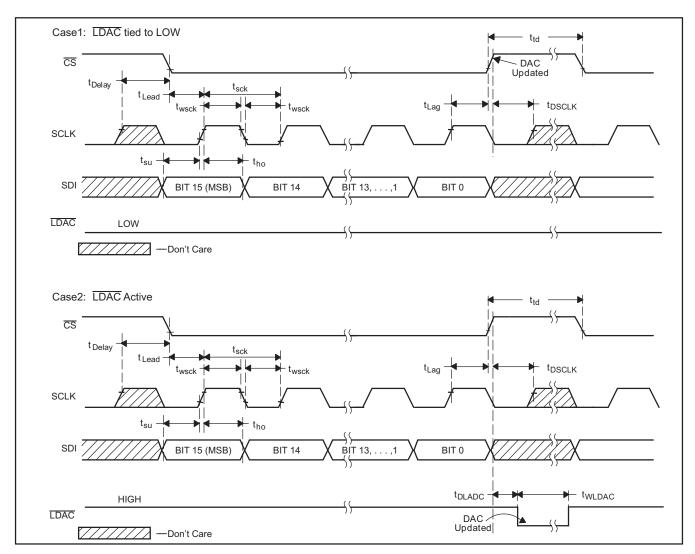
TERM	IINAL	DESCRIPTION								
NO.	NAME	DESCRIPTION								
DAC8830										
1	V _{OUT}	Analog output of DAC								
2	AGND	Analog ground								
3	V _{REF}	Voltage reference input								
4	CS	Chip select input (active low). Data are not clocked into SDI unless CS is low								
5	SCLK	Serial clock input								
6	SDI	Serial data input. Data are latched into input register on the rising edge of SCLK.								
7	DGND	Digital ground								
8	V _{DD}	Analog power supply, +3 V to +5 V								
DAC8831										
1	RFB	Feedback resistor. Connect to the output of external operational amplifier in bipolar mode.								
2	V _{OUT}	Analog output of DAC								
3	AGNDF	Analog ground (Force)								
4	AGNDS	Analog ground (Sense)								
5	V _{REF} _S	Voltage reference input (Sense). Connect to external voltage reference								
6	$V_{REF}F$	Voltage reference input (Force). Connect to external voltage reference								
7	CS	Chip select input (active low). Data are not clocked into SDI unless CS is low.								
8	SCLK	Serial clock input.								
9	NC	No internal connection								
10	SDI	Serial data input. Data are latched into input register on the rising edge of SCLK.								
11	LDAC	Load DAC control input. Active low. When LDAC is Low, the DAC latch is simultaneously updated with the content of the input register.								
12	DGND	Digital ground								
13	INV	Junction point of internal scaling resistors. Connect to external operational amplifier inverting input in bipolar mode.								
14	V _{DD}	Analog power supply, +3 V to +5 V.								

TERMINAL FUNCTIONS













TIMING CHARACTERISTICS: V_{DD} = +5 $V^{(1)(2)}$

At -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAMETER	MIN M	AX	UNIT
t _{sck}	SCLK period	20		ns
t _{wsck}	SCLK high or low time	10		ns
t _{Delay}	Delay from SCLK high to CS low	10		ns
t _{Lead}	CS enable lead time	10		ns
t _{Lag}	CS enable lag time	10		ns
DSCLK	Delay from CS high to SCLK high	10		ns
td	CS high between active period	30		ns
su	Data setup time (input)	10		ns
ho	Data hold time (input)	0		ns
twldac	LDAC width	30		ns
DLDAC	Delay from CS high to LDAC low	30		ns
	V _{DD} high to CS low (power-up delay)	10		μs

(1)

Assured by design. Not production tested. Sample tested during the initial release and after any redesign or process changes that may affect this parameter. (2)

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{DD} = +3 V^{(1)(2)}$

At -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
t _{sck}	SCLK period	20		ns
t _{wsck}	SCLK high or low time	10		ns
t _{Delay}	Delay from SCLK high to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low	10		ns
t _{Lead}	CS enable lead time	10		ns
t _{Lag}	CS enable lag time	10		ns
t _{DSCLK}	Delay from CS high to SCLK high	10		ns
t _{td}	CS high between active period	30		ns
t _{su}	Data setup time (input)	10		ns
t _{ho}	Data hold time (input)	0		ns
t _{WLDAC}	LDAC width	30		ns
t _{DLDAC}	Delay from CS high to LDAC low	30		ns
	V_{DD} high to \overline{CS} low (power-up delay)	10		μs

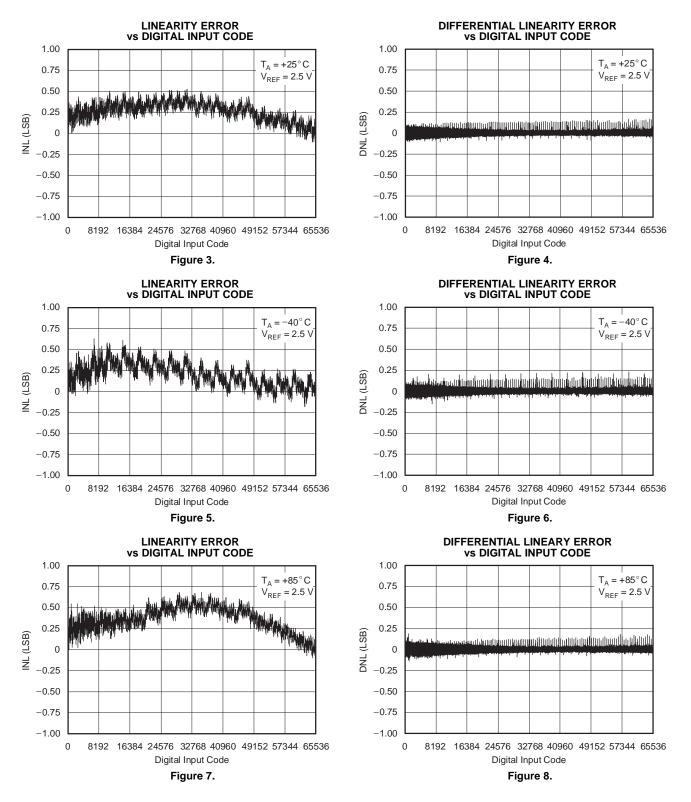
Assured by design. Not production tested.
 Sample tested during the initial release and after any redesign or process changes that may affect this parameter.

7



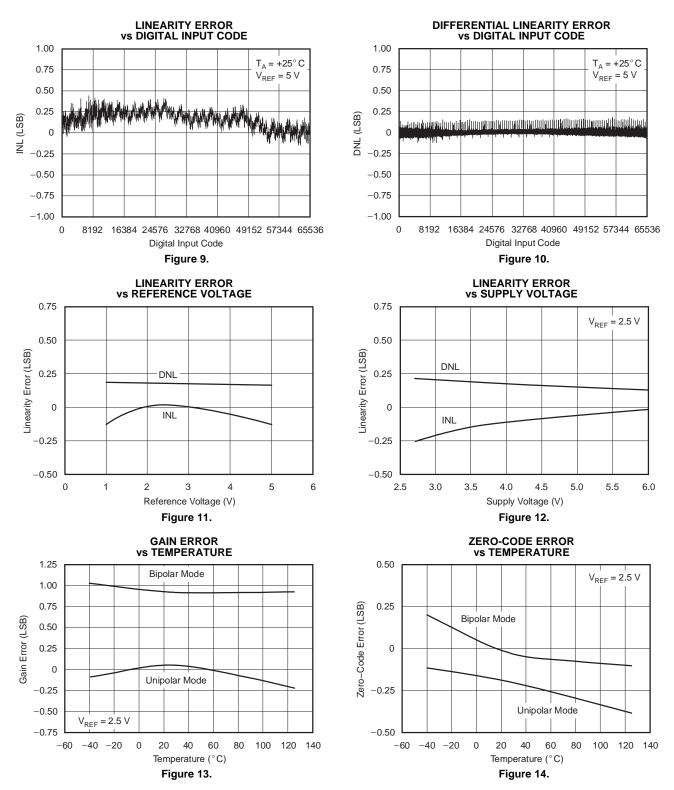
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{DD} = +5 V$

At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V, unless otherwise noted.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V_{DD} = +5 V (continued)

At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V, unless otherwise noted.

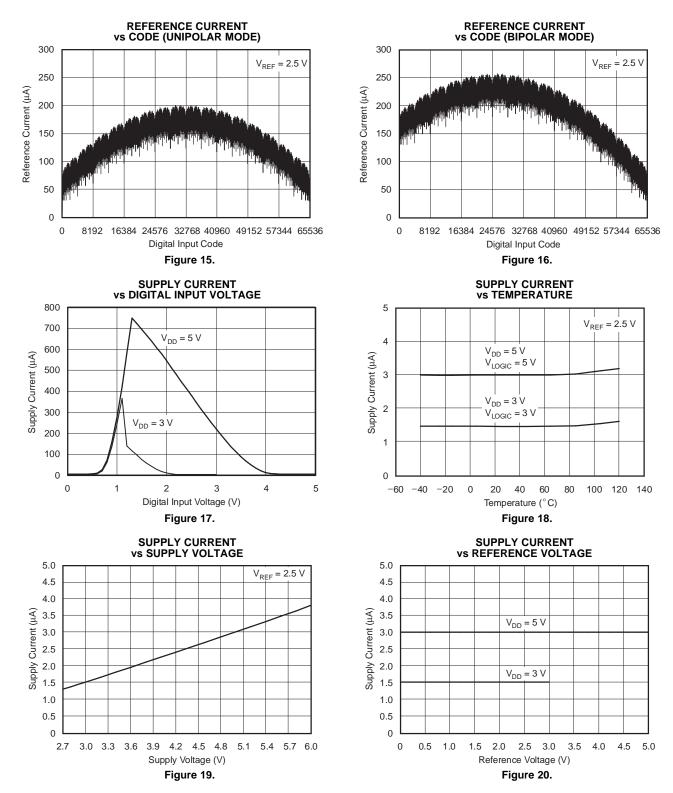


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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V_{DD} = +5 V (continued)

At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V, unless otherwise noted.

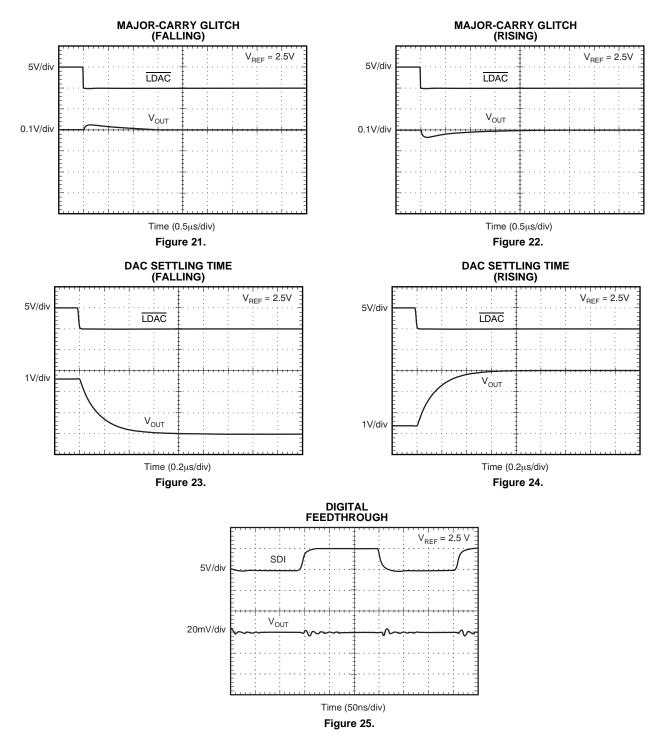


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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V_{DD} = +5 V (continued)

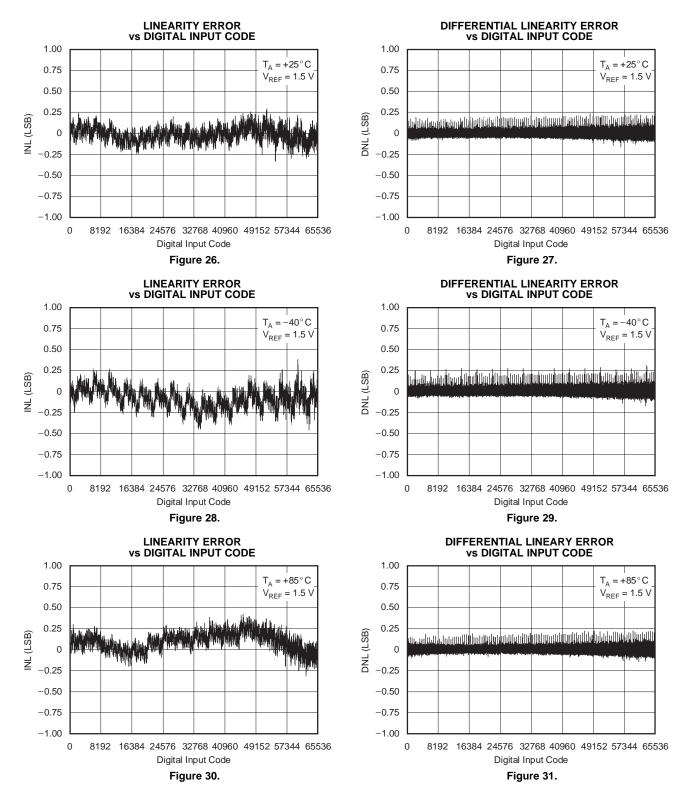
At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V, unless otherwise noted.





TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V_{DD} = +3 V

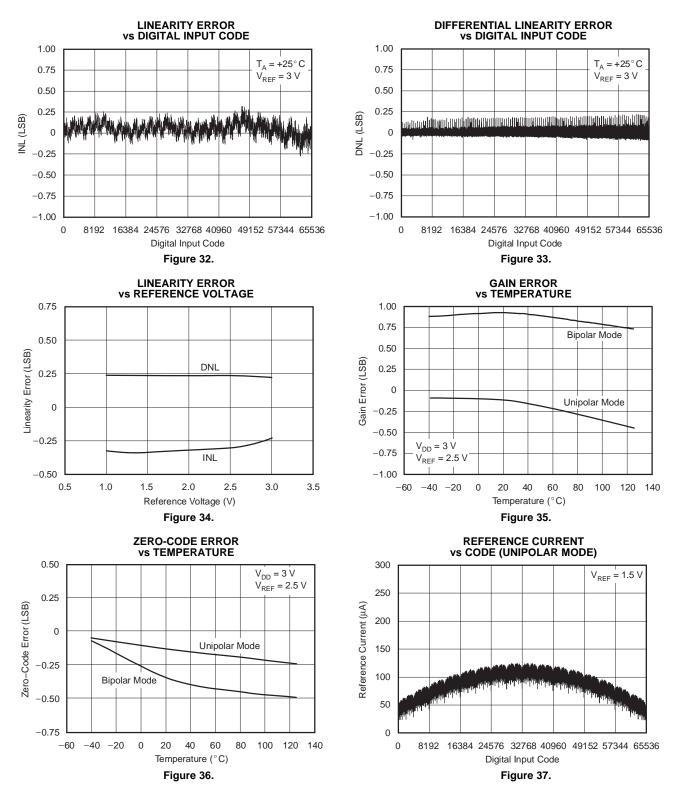
At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V, unless otherwise noted.



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V_{DD} = +3 V (continued)

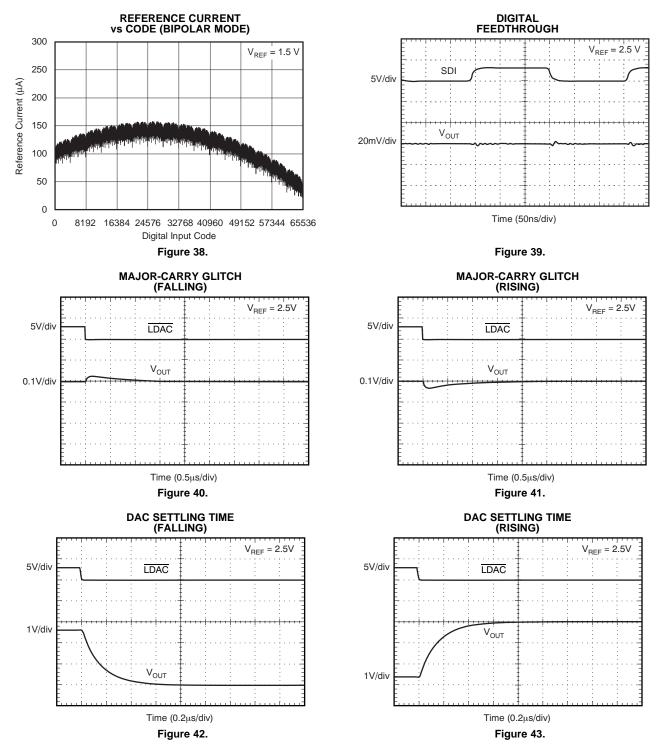
At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{REF} = +2.5 V$, unless otherwise noted.





TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: V_{DD} = +3 V (continued)

At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{REF} = +2.5$ V, unless otherwise noted.



THEORY OF OPERATION

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are single, 16-bit, serial-input, voltage-output DACs. They operate from a single



supply ranging from 2.7 V to 5 V, and typically consume 5 μ A. Data are written to these devices in a 16-bit word format, via an SPI serial interface. To ensure a known power-up state, these parts are designed with a power-on reset function. The DAC8830 and DAC8831 are reset to zero code. In unipolar mode, the DAC8830 and DAC8831 are reset to -V_{REF}. Kelvin sense connections for the reference and analog ground are included on the DAC8831.

DIGITAL-TO-ANALOG SECTIONS

The DAC architecture for both devices consists of two matched DAC sections and is segmented. A simplified circuit diagram is shown in Figure 44. The four MSBs of the 16-bit data word are decoded to drive 15 switches, E1 to E15. Each of these switches connects one of 15 matched resistors to either AGND or V_{REF} . The remaining 12 bits of the data word drive switches S0 to S11 of a 12-bit voltage mode R-2R ladder network.

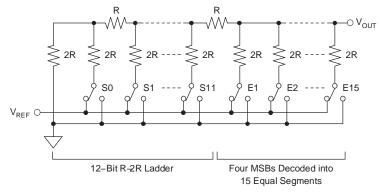


Figure 44. DAC Architecture

OUTPUT RANGE

The output of the DAC is

 $V_{OUT} = (V_{REF} \times Code)/65536.$

Where *Code* is the decimal data word loaded to the DAC latch.



POWER-ON RESET

Both devices have a power-on reset function to ensure the output is at a known state upon power-up. In the DAC8830 and DAC8831, at power-up, the DAC latch and Input Registers contain all 0s until new data are loaded from the input serial shift register. Therefore, after power-up, the output from pin V_{OUT} of the DAC8830 is 0 V. The output from pin V_{OUT} of the DAC8831 is 0 V in unipolar mode and $-V_{REF}$ in bipolar mode.

However, the serial register of the DAC8830 and DAC8831 is not cleared on power-up, so its contents are undefined. When loading data initially to the device, 16 bits or more should be loaded to prevent erroneous data appearing on the output. If more than 16 bits are loaded, the last 16 are kept; if less than 16 are loaded, bits will remain from the previous word. If the device must be interfaced with data shorter than 16 bits, the data should be padded with 0s at the LSBs.

Serial Interface

The digital interface is a standard 3-wire connection compatible with SPI, QSPITM, MicrowireTM, and TI DSP interfaces, which can operate at speeds up to 50 M-bits/sec. The data transfer is framed by \overline{CS} , the chip select signal. The DAC works as a bus slave. The bus master generates the synchronize clock, SCLK, and initiates the transmission. When \overline{CS} is high, the DAC is not accessed, and the clock SCLK and serial input data SDI are ignored. The bus master accesses the DAC by driving pin \overline{CS} low. Immediately following the high-to-low transition of \overline{CS} , the serial input data on pin SDI is shifted out from the bus master synchronously on the falling edge of SCLK, and latched on the rising edge of SCLK into the input shift register, MSB first. The low-to-high transition of \overline{CS} transfers the contents of the input shift register to the input register. All data registers are 16-bit. It takes 16 clocks of SCLK to transfer one data word to the parts. To complete a whole data word, \overline{CS} must go high immediately after 16 SCLKs are clocked in. If more than 16 SCLKs are applied during the low state of \overline{CS} , the last 16 bits are transferred to the input register on the rising edge of \overline{CS} . However, if \overline{CS} is not kept low during the entire 16 SCLK cycles, data is corrupted. In this case, reload the DAC with a new 16-bit word.

In the DAC8830, the contents of the input register are transferred into the DAC latch immediately when the input register is loaded, and the DAC output is updated at the same time.

The DAC8831 has an $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$ pin allowing the DAC latch to be updated asynchronously by bringing $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$ low after $\overline{\text{CS}}$ goes high. In this case, $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$ must be maintained high while $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is low. If $\overline{\text{LDAC}}$ is tied permanently low, the DAC latch is updated immediately after the input register is loaded (caused by the low-to-high transition of $\overline{\text{CS}}$).

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

Unipolar Output Operation

These DACs are capable of driving unbuffered loads of 60 k Ω . Unbuffered operation results in low supply current (typically 5 μ A) and a low offset error. The DAC8830 provides a unipolar output swing ranging from 0 V to V_{REF}. The DAC8831 can be configured to output both unipolar and bipolar voltages. Figure 45 and Figure 46 show a typical unipolar output voltage circuit for each device, respectively. The code table for this mode of operation is shown in Table 1.

DAC LATCH CONTENTS	
MSB LSB	ANALOG OUTPUT
1111 1111 1111 1111	V _{REF} × (65,535/65,536)
1000 0000 0000 0000	$V_{REF} \times (32,768/65,536) = 1/2 V_{REF}$
0000 0000 0000 0001	V _{REF} × (1/65,536)
0000 0000 0000 0000	0 V

Table 1. Unipolar Code

+5 V +2.5 V 10 µF 0.1 μF 0.1 µF **OPA277 OPA704 OPA727** V_{DD} V_{ref} $V_0 = 0$ to $+V_{REF}$ VOUT DAC CS AGND Interface Serial SCLK Input DAC Latch Register SDI DAC8830 DGND





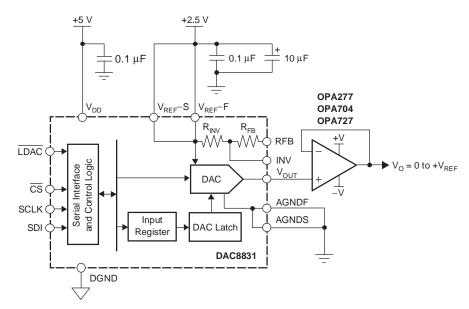


Figure 46. Unipolar Output Mode of DAC8831

Assuming a perfect reference, the worst-case output voltage may be calculated from the following equation:

Unipolar Mode Worst-Case Output

$$V_{OUT_UNI} = \frac{D}{2^{16}} \times \left(V_{REF} + V_{GE} \right) + V_{ZSE} + INL$$

Where:

 V_{OUT_UNI} = Unipolar mode worst-case output

D = Code loaded to DAC

V_{REF} = Reference voltage applied to part

 V_{GE} = Gain error in volts

V_{ZSE} = Zero-scale error in volts

INL = Integral nonlinearity in volts

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DAC8830

Bipolar Output Operation

With the aid of an external operational amplifier, the DAC8831 may be configured to provide a bipolar voltage output. A typical circuit of such an operation is shown in Figure 47. The matched bipolar offset resistors R_{FB} and R_{INV} are connected to an external operational amplifier to achieve this bipolar output swing; typically, $R_{FB} = R_{INV} = 28 \text{ k}\Omega$.

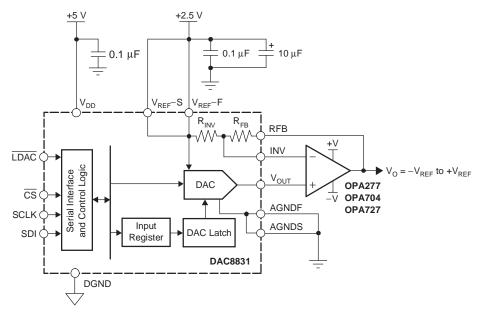


Figure 47. Bipolar Output Mode of DAC8831

Table 2 shows the transfer function for this output operating mode. The DAC8831 also provides a set of Kelvin connections to the analog ground and external reference inputs.

DAC LATCH	I CONTENTS	
MSB	LSB	ANALOG OUTPUT
1111 1111	1111 1111	+V _{REF} × (32,767/32,768)
1000 0000	0000 0001	+V _{REF} × (1/32,768)
1000 0000	0000 0000	0 V
0111 1111	1111 1111	-V _{REF} × (1/32,768)
0000 0000	0000 0000	$-V_{REF} \times (32,768/32,768) = -V_{REF}$

Table 2. Bipolar Code

Assuming a perfect reference, the worst-case output voltage may be calculated from the following equation: *Bipolar Mode Worst-Case Output*

$$V_{OUT_BIP} = \frac{\left[\left(V_{OUT_UNI} + V_{OS} \right) (2 + RD) - V_{REF} (1 + RD) \right]}{1 + \left(\frac{2 + RD}{A} \right)}$$

Where:

 V_{OS} = External operational amplifier input offset voltage RD = R_{FB} and R_{IN} resistor matching error

A = Operational amplifier open-loop gain



Output Amplifier Selection

For bipolar mode, a precision amplifier should be used, supplied from a dual power supply. This provides the $\pm V_{REF}$ output.

In a single-supply application, selection of a suitable operational amplifier may be more difficult because the output swing of the amplifier does not usually include the negative rail; in this case, AGND. This output swing can result in some degradation of the specified performance unless the application does not use codes near 0.

The selected operational amplifier needs to have low-offset voltage (the DAC LSB is 38 μ V with a 2.5 V reference), eliminating the need for output offset trims. Input bias current should also be low because the bias current multiplied by the DAC output impedance (approximately 6.25 k Ω) adds to the zero-code error.

Rail-to-rail input and output performance are required. For fast settling, the slew rate of the operational amplifier should not impede the settling time of the DAC. Output impedance of the DAC is constant and code-independent, but in order to minimize gain errors the input impedance of the output amplifier should be as high as possible. The amplifier should also have a 3 dB bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. The amplifier adds another time constant to the system, thus increasing the settling time of the output. A higher 3 dB amplifier bandwidth results in a shorter effective settling time of the combined DAC and amplifier.

Reference and Ground

Since the input impedance is code-dependent, the reference pin should be driven from a low impedance source. The DAC8830 and DAC8831 operate with a voltage reference ranging from 1.25 V to V_{DD} . References below 1.25 V result in reduced accuracy.

The DAC full-scale output voltage is determined by the reference. Table 1 and Table 2 outline the analog output voltage for particular digital codes.

For optimum performance, Kelvin sense connections are provided on the DAC8831. If the application does not require separate force and sense lines, they should be tied together close to the package to minimize voltage drops between the package leads and the internal die.

Power Supply and Reference Bypassing

For accurate high-resolution performance, it is recommended that the reference and supply pins be bypassed with a 10 μ F tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor.

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CROSS-REFERENCE

The DAC8830 and DAC8831 have an industry-standard pinout configuration (see Table 3).

MODEL	INL (LSB)	DNL (LSB)	POWER-ON RESET TO	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	CROSS REFERENCE				
DAC8830ICD ±1 ±1 Zero Code		-40°C to +85°C 8-Lead Small Outline IC		SO-8	AD5541CR, MAX541AESA						
DAC8830IBD	±2	±1	Zero Code	–40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-8	AD5541BR, MAX541BESA				
DAC8830ID	±4	±1	Zero Code	–40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-8	AD5541AR, MAX541CESA				
N/A	±1	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-8	MAX541AEPA				
N/A	±2	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-8	MAX541BEPA				
N/A	±4	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-8	MAX541CEPA				
N/A	±1	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	8-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-8	AD5541LR				
N/A	±2	±1.5	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	8-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-8	AD5541JR				
N/A	±1	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	8-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-8	MAX541AEPA				
N/A	±2	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	8-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-8	MAX541BEPA				
N/A	±4	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	8-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-8	MAX541CEPA				
DAC8831ICD	±1	±1	Zero Code	–40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	AD5542CR, MAX542AESD				
DAC8831IBD	±2	±1	Zero Code	–40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	AD5542BR, MAX542BESD				
DAC8831ID	±4	±1	Zero Code	–40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	AD5542AR, MAX542CESD				
DAC8831ICRGY	±1	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	14-Lead QFN	QFN-14	N/A				
DAC8831IBRGY	±2	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	14-Lead QFN	QFN-14	N/A				
DAC8831IRGY	±4	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	14-Lead QFN	QFN-14	N/A				
N/A	±1	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-14	MAX542ACPD				
N/A	±2	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-14	MAX542BCPD				
N/A	±4	±1	Zero Code	-40°C to +85°C	14-Lead Plastic DIP	PDIP-14	MAX542CCPD				
N/A	±1	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	AD5542LR				
N/A	±2	±1.5	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	AD5542JR				
N/A	±1	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	MAX542AEPD				
N/A	±2	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	MAX542BEPD				
N/A	±4	±1	Zero Code	0°C to +70°C	14-Lead Small Outline IC	SO-14	MAX542CEPD				

Table 3. Cross-Reference



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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
DAC8830IBD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 8830I	Samples
DAC8830IBDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830IBDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830ICD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830ICDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830ICDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830ICDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8830IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC 88301	Samples
DAC8831IBD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831IBDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831IBDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831IBRGYT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BKE	Samples
DAC8831IBRGYTG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BKE	Samples
DAC8831ICD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC8831I	Samples
DAC8831ICDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples



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Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
DAC8831ICDR	(1) ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	(3) Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831ICDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831ICRGYT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BKE	Samples
DAC8831ICRGYTG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BKE	Samples
DAC8831ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	DAC88311	Samples
DAC8831IRGYT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BKE	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.



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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Jun-2014

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF DAC8830, DAC8831 :

• Enhanced Product: DAC8830-EP, DAC8831-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DAC8830IBDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
DAC8830ICDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
DAC8830IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
DAC8831IBDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
DAC8831IBRGYT	VQFN	RGY	14	250	180.0	12.4	3.85	3.85	1.35	8.0	12.0	Q1
DAC8831ICDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
DAC8831ICRGYT	VQFN	RGY	14	250	180.0	12.4	3.85	3.85	1.35	8.0	12.0	Q1
DAC8831IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
DAC8831IRGYT	VQFN	RGY	14	250	180.0	12.4	3.85	3.85	1.35	8.0	12.0	Q1

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

4-Nov-2013



*All dimensions are nominal							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DAC8830IBDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
DAC8830ICDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
DAC8830IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
DAC8831IBDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
DAC8831IBRGYT	VQFN	RGY	14	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
DAC8831ICDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
DAC8831ICRGYT	VQFN	RGY	14	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
DAC8831IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
DAC8831IRGYT	VQFN	RGY	14	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



MECHANICAL DATA



- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- earrow Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated.
- The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
- G. Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.



RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.

D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.

- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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RFID	www.ti-rfid.com		
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Благодаря развитой сети поставщиков, помогаем в поиске и приобретении экзотичных или снятых с производства компонентов.

Предоставляем спец цены на элементы для создания инженерных сэмплов.

Упорный труд, качественный результат дают нам право быть уверенными в себе и надежными для наших клиентов.

Наша компания это:

- Гарантия качества поставляемой продукции
- Широкий ассортимент
- Минимальные сроки поставок
- Техническая поддержка
- Подбор комплектации
- Индивидуальный подход
- Гибкое ценообразование

Наша организация особенно сильна в поставках модулей, микросхем, пассивных компонентов, ксайленсах (XC), EPF, EPM и силовой электроники.

Большой выбор предлагаемой продукции, различные виды оплаты и доставки, позволят Вам сэкономить время и получить максимум выгоды от сотрудничества с нами!

Trade Electronics.ru гарантия бесперебойности производства и качества выпускаемой продукции

<u>Перечень производителей, продукцию которых мы поставляем</u> на российский рынок

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⊗TDK	TOSHIBA	×	
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С удовольствием будем прорабатывать для Вас поставки всех необходимых компонентов по текущим запросам для скорейшего выявления групп элементов, по которым сотрудничество именно с нашей компанией будет для Вас максимально выгодным!

С уважением,

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